
Cuaderno de notas de trabajo

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Cuaderno 41

El Lagrangiano Logarítmico.

L --- Lagrangiano de un sistema dinámico.

$$L(q_1, q_2, q_3, \dots, q_N, \dot{q}_1, \dot{q}_2, \dots, \dot{q}_N, t)$$

$q_1, q_2, q_3, \dots, q_N$ --- {Coordenadas generalizadas del sistema.

Sea $\mathcal{L}$ el Lagrangiano Logarítmico. $\Rightarrow$

$$L = e^{\mathcal{L}}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}(q_1, q_2, \dots, q_N; \dot{q}_1, \dot{q}_2, \dots, \dot{q}_N, t)$$

Principio Variacional.

$$\delta \int_A^B e^{\mathcal{L}} dt = 0$$

Ecuaciones de Euler.

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - \frac{\partial L}{\partial q_i} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_i} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial q_i} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_i} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{L}$$

Ecuaciones de Euler

$$e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{L} - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{L} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = 0$$

$$p_i = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i}$$

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Energía E

$$E = p_i \dot{q}_i - \mathcal{L}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \dot{q}_i - e$$

$$E = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \dot{q}_i - e^{\mathcal{L}} \quad \text{Energía}$$

$$\text{Cuando } \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t} = 0$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i}$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \left[\frac{d}{dt} \left(e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right) \dot{q}_i + e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \ddot{q}_i - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \ddot{q}_i - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i \right]$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \left[e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i + e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \ddot{q}_i - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \ddot{q}_i - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i \right] = 0$$

Cuando $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t} = 0 \Rightarrow$

$$\cancel{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i} + \cancel{\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i}}$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = 0$$

$\frac{d}{dt}$ Cuando $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t} = 0 \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[e^{\mathcal{L}} \left\langle \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \dot{q}_i - 1 \right\rangle \right] = 0$$

$$e^{\mathcal{L}} \left\langle \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \dot{q}_i - 1 \right\rangle = E = \text{Energía}$$

Definición de Energía Logarítmica

$$\mathcal{E} = \log(-E)$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{L} + \log \left\langle 1 - \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\rangle$$

Caso Particular.

Campo Central.

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~~$$\mathcal{L} = e^{\frac{2M}{r}} (1 + v^2)$$~~

~~$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \vec{v}}$~~

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{2M}{r} + \log(1 + v^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \vec{v}} = \frac{2\vec{v}}{1 + v^2}$$

$$\vec{v} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \vec{v}} = \frac{2v^2}{1 + v^2}$$

$$1 - \vec{v} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \vec{v}} = \frac{1 + v^2 - 2v^2}{1 + v^2} = \frac{1 - v^2}{1 + v^2}$$

$$1 - \vec{v} \cdot \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \vec{v}} = \frac{1 - v^2}{1 + v^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{2M}{r} + \log(1 + v^2) + \log(1 - v^2) - \log(1 + v^2)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{2M}{r} + \log(1 - v^2)$$

Comprobación

Lagrangiano --- L ;

Lagrangiano logarítmico --- L ;

$$L = e^{\mathcal{L}}.$$

Principio Variacional:

$$\delta \int_A^B e^{\mathcal{L}} dt = 0.$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_i} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i};$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial q_i} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i}.$$

Ecuaciones de Euler.

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left\{ e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\} - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = 0$$

$$e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} - e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = 0$$

~~$$\frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \left\{ \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \right\} = 0$$~~

$$\boxed{\frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} = 0}$$

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Conservación de la Energía.

Hipótesis: $\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t} = 0$

~~$$E = \sum \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i}$$~~

$$\boxed{E = \sum \dot{q}_i e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - e^{\mathcal{L}}}$$

Energía: $E = e^{\mathcal{L}} \left\langle \sum \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - 1 \right\rangle$

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$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \left[e^{\mathcal{L}} \left\langle \sum \ddot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \sum \dot{q}_i \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\rangle + e^{\mathcal{L}} \left\langle \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} \sum \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} \right\rangle \right]$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \left[\ddot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \dot{q}_i \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \left(\frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} \right) \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} \right]$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \left[\ddot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} - \frac{d\mathcal{L}}{dt} \right]$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = e^{\mathcal{L}} \left[\ddot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \dot{q}_i - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i \right]$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = -e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t}$$

de

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = -e^{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t}$$

Si $\mathcal{L}$ es independiente de $t \Rightarrow$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = 0$$

Definición de la Energía
logarítmica:

$$\mathcal{E} = \log(-E)$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \log \left[e^{\mathcal{L}} \left\langle 1 - \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\rangle \right]$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{L} + \log \left\langle 1 - \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\rangle$$

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$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{L} + \log \left\langle 1 - \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\rangle$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \log(-E)$$

$$\frac{d\mathcal{E}}{dt} = \frac{-\frac{dE}{dt}}{-E} = \frac{\dot{E}}{E}$$

Si E es constante $\Rightarrow$

$$\frac{d\mathcal{E}}{dt} = 0$$

~~$$\mathcal{E} = \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - \mathcal{L}$$~~

$$E = \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - \mathcal{L}$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \left[\ddot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} + \dot{q}_i \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial q_i} \dot{q}_i - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \ddot{q}_i - \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t} \right]$$

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = - \frac{\partial L}{\partial t}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \log(-E)$$

$$e^{\mathcal{E}} = -E$$

$$e^{\mathcal{E}} \frac{d\mathcal{E}}{dt} = + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} e^{\mathcal{E}} = + e^{\mathcal{E}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$e^{\mathcal{E} - \mathcal{L}} \frac{d\mathcal{E}}{dt} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t}$$

$$\left\langle 1 - \dot{q}_i \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right\rangle \frac{d\mathcal{E}}{dt} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial t}$$